THE ROLE OF CHATGPT IN ENHANCING ENGLISH LANGUAGE SKILLS: A SYSTEMATIC REVIEW

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Abstract

This research aims to analyze the role of ChatGPT in improving English language skills through systematic literature review. The method used is a systematic analysis of 43 journals related to ChatGPT and English education obtained from Mendeley, with a focus on the benefits, challenges, and pedagogical implications of using AI in language learning. Research results show that ChatGPT provides benefits in the development of writing and speaking skills through interactive feedback, Albased exercises, and conversation simulations that allow students to practice in real contexts. In addition, ChatGPT supports independent learning, increases student involvement, enriches vocabulary, and helps in formative assessment by providing corrections and improvement suggestions. However, this study also found significant challenges, including excessive reliance on technology, lack of understanding of cultural context, potential bias in AI response, as well as the risk of plagiarism and academic integrity violations. In addition, the quality of the answers produced is not always accurate, so teacher guidance is needed to ensure that students continue to think critically and not just passively receive information. In conclusion, although Chat GPT has transformational potential in English learning, its effectiveness is highly dependent on ethical implementation, appropriate pedagogical strategies, and clear regulations. Therefore, training is needed for educators to optimize its use in learning, as well as a blended learning-based approach that combines AI technology with direct interaction between teachers and students to create a balanced, effective, and appropriate learning environment for the needs of learners.

Keywords: ChatGPT, English Education, English Skills.

INTRODUCTION

English knowledge is an important skill in various fields, both academic, professional and social studies. In addition to the development of technology, various language learning methods have been developed, ranging from traditional approaches

to the use of artificial intelligence (AI) technology. Technical integration into language learning has opened up new opportunities to improve communication skills, understand language structures, and expand vocabulary more effectively and interactively.

More and more technological innovations used in language learning are the AI model of Natural Language Processing (NLP) and ChatGPT. ChatGPT offers text-based interaction that allows users to practice writing, reading, and speaking in English through simulation. Several studies have shown that using chat in language learning improves writing and speaking skills, provides direct feedback, and creates a flexible personal learning environment. Algorithms using machine learning (MI) and natural language processing (NLP) approaches, ChatGPT develops conversational skills (Ngo, 2023). ChatGPt promises valuable instruments to help students in the educational journey It brings great interest to students around the world (Gill & Kaur, 2023). Critical thinking There are also challenges such as understanding cultural contexts, potential distortions, and the need for educational leadership.

In some studies, the effects of AI have been exerted on education. This includes using Chatt as a learning tool. Highlights the lack of research that examines student experience when using Chatt, but the technique has great potential to enhance learning through personalization of materials and AI-based interactions (Haleem et al., 2022). Previous research has shown that public understanding of AI remains disparate and is often influenced by media reports One of the main advantages of ChatGPT is its ability to answer further questions that help students explore deeper information and integrate it into the knowledge they already have (Gill & Kaur, 2023). Therefore, further testing is needed to understand how to best use chatgpt in education and to provide insights to educators and political decision-makers.

My research on the role of ChatGPT in improving English language skills explores how this technology contributes to the development of speaking, writing, reading and listening skills. In addition, it also analyzes the perceived benefits and challenges in using ChatGPT for English language learning. This research is important to examine the integration of ChatGPT in ICT-based learning to improve the effectiveness of English language learning. The results of this study are expected to provide new findings as well as implementation recommendations for formal and informal education.

Technology in English Language Teaching

According (Lahby, 2025): Technology plays an important role in English lessons, allowing for an interactive and personalized approach to learning. Several studies have shown that the use of artificial intelligence (AI) is more effective with automated feedback, voice perception, and data customization in a database curriculum. In addition, the integration of technologies such as learning management systems (LMS)

and mobile apps has helped students improve their language skills in a more flexible and database-driven way.

ChatGPT in English Language Teaching

ChatGPT has become an increasingly popular instrument in English because it can provide interaction similar to human conversation. Several studies have shown that chatgpt can improve students' writing and speaking skills by providing immediate feedback and simulated conversation. In addition, the use of chat in language learning includes aspects such as grammar modification, vocabulary proposal, AI-based discussion, and conversation. Overall, such as the development of critical thinking through AI-based discussions. It is increasing.

RESEARCH METHOD

The methods section of this study explains in detail how the research was conducted. This includes a description of the sample used, the procedures for collecting data, as well as how the data was analyzed.

Description of Sample

This study applied the Systematic Literature Review (SLR) method to evaluate the role of ChatGPT in improving English language skills. The research sample consisted of journal articles and books retrieved from various academic databases such as Scopus, PubMed, Science Direct, and Taylor and Francis Online. Only articles published between 2020 to 2024, which address the use of Chat GPT in English language learning, are written in English, and are empirical studies in full-text format will be analyzed. Articles that do not specifically address ChatGPT in a language learning context, that involve participants outside of formal educational settings, or that are reviews with no new empirical findings, will not be included in this analysis.

Procedure

This study adopted the PRISMA (Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses) approach. The data collection process was conducted by searching for relevant articles through specific keywords in a predefined database. Each article was then screened by title and abstract, before being analyzed in depth to ensure relevance.

Important information, such as research methods, number of participants (if any), instruments used, as well as research results were extracted and analyzed using a thematic approach. The results of this analysis are presented in the form of a narrative synthesis, which aims to provide a comprehensive understanding of the role of Chat GPT in improving English language skills.

Study Selection Criteria

This research review examines the latest empirical studies with inclusion criteria, as the following: 1) Articles listed in Mendeley, Science Direct and Taylor Francis Online, 2) Articles published in the last 5 years namely in 2020 – 2024, 3) Articles with the undergraduate student population at the university, 4) Articles that use English, 5) Articles that are original and available in full text.

RESULT AND DISCUSSION

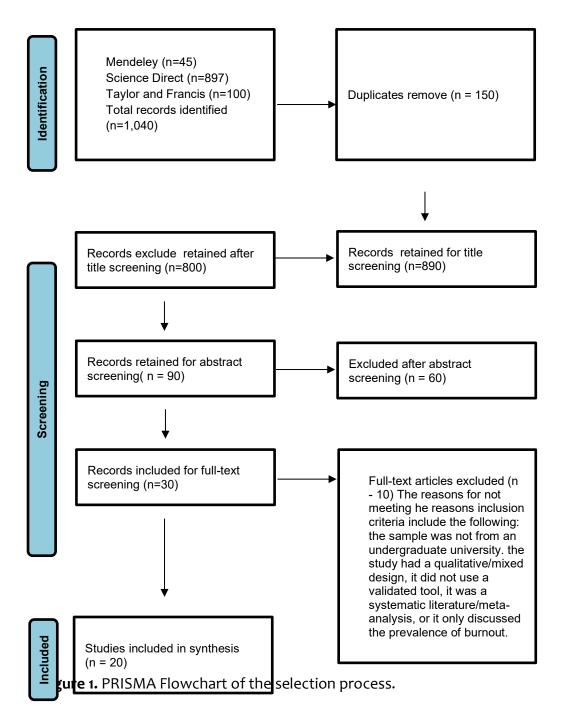
Result

This study systematically reviews 43 journal articles on the role of ChatGPT in improving English language skills, focusing on its benefits, challenges, and pedagogical implications. The findings suggest that ChatGPT enhances writing and speaking skills through interactive feedback, AI-driven exercises, and conversation simulations. It also supports independent learning, increases student engagement, enriches vocabulary, and aids in formative assessment. However, several challenges were identified, including over-reliance on AI, lack of cultural understanding, biased responses, and potential plagiarism risks.

ChatGPT has demonstrated significant potential in English learning by providing instant feedback that helps students improve grammar, coherence, and vocabulary. Its interactive nature also enhances speaking practice by simulating real-life conversations. However, it is crucial to combine AI-driven tools with teacher supervision to ensure students critically engage with the material. While ChatGPT offers various benefits, concerns arise regarding over-dependence on AI, as students may become passive learners who rely solely on AI rather than developing independent problem-solving skills. Additionally, the risk of plagiarism increases when students use ChatGPT-generated content without proper attribution. The AI's struggle with understanding cultural nuances may lead to inaccurate interpretations of language use, and its responses are not always factually correct, necessitating human intervention for content verification.

To maximize ChatGPT's benefits while mitigating its risks, a blended learning approach is recommended. This includes training educators to integrate ChatGPT effectively in language classrooms, establishing clear guidelines for responsible AI usage to prevent plagiarism and ensure academic integrity, and encouraging active student engagement by promoting critical analysis of AI-generated responses. Furthermore, AI should not replace human teachers but rather complement traditional learning methods. Interactive discussions and peer feedback should remain a priority to enhance critical thinking and communication skills.

ChatGPT holds transformative potential in English language learning, offering personalized support and interactive learning experiences. However, its effectiveness depends on ethical implementation, pedagogical strategies, and educator involvement. A balanced approach that integrates AI with direct teacher-student interactions will ensure optimal learning outcomes while minimizing the risks associated with over-reliance on AI technology.



| No | Authors | Country | Mean Charasteris tics | Variable | Study Design | Measure | Finding | gs |
|----|----------|----------|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------|----------|---------|-----|
| 1. | Aligning | Indonesi | This study | Independent | А | Thematic | ChatGPT | can |

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|----|-------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|
| | Theory and | а | focuses on | Variable: | qualitative | analysis of | enhance |
| | Practice: | | the | Use of | study using | interviews | student |
| | Leveraging | | application | ChatGPT in | interviews | with English | engagement, |
| | ChatGPT for | | of ChatGPT | English | with | language | learner |
| | Effective | | in English | language | English | education | autonomy and |
| | English | | language | teaching | language | professional | authentic |
| | Language | | learning. | Dependent | education | s to | language use |
| | Teaching | | | Variables: | professiona | understand | through |
| | and | | | English | ls to | their | strategies such |
| | Learning | | | learning | evaluate | perceptions | as Socratic |
| | (Endro Dwi | | | effectivenes | the | of the GPT | Dialogue, Role- |
| | Hatmanto, | | | s, student | alignment | Chat. | Playing, Virtual |
| | Mariska | | | engagement | of ChatGPT | | Concept |
| | Intan Sari, | | | , learner | with | | Mapping and |
| | 2023) | | | autonomy | existing | | other methods |
| | 27 | | | , | learning | | oriented |
| | | | | | theories. | | towards active |
| | | | | | | | interaction. |
| 2. | AI and Chat | Irak | This article | Independent | Theoretical | Effectivenes | Al and Chat |
| 2. | GPT in | (Cihan | discusses | Variable: | review and | s of learning | GPT support |
| | Language | Universi | how AI | Use of Al | case study | through Al | more |
| | Teaching: | ty - | technology | and Chat | analysis on | enought | personalized |
| | Enhancing | Sulaima | teennology | GPT in | the | Improved | and interactive |
| | EFL | niya, | , specifically | language | application | student | language |
| | Classroom | Kurdista | Chat GPT, | learning. | of AI and | language | learning. |
| | Support and | | can | Dependent | Chat GPT in | skills | Al-based |
| | Transformin | n Rogion | | Variable: | EFL | SKIIIS | |
| | | Region, | improve | | | Improved | |
| | g | Iraq) | English as a | Learning | teaching. | Improved | provide |
| | Assessment | | Foreign | effectivenes | | efficiency | immediate |
| | Techniques | | Language | s, students' | | and . | feedback that |
| | (Momen | | (EFL) | language | | accuracy in | • |
| | Yaseen M. | | learning. | skills, and | | automated | improve their |
| | Amin, 2023) | | The main | assessment | | assessment | fluency in |
| | | | | techniques. | | | English. |
| | | | personalize | | | Ethical | |
| | | | d learning, | | | challenges | Al enables a |
| | | | real-time | | | related to | fairer, faster, |
| | | | language | | | the use of AI | and more |
| | | | practice, as | | | in education | consistent |
| | | | well as | | | | scoring system |
| | | | more | | | | compared to |
| | | | innovative | | | | traditional |
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| | | | t taskais as | | | | |
| | | | techniques using AI. | | | | |
| 3. | Changes In English Language Education And Strategies For Coping Against ChatGPT's Effects (Qi Wei, 2023) | China | This study discusses the changes in English education due to ChatGPT based on interviews with students and lecturers in Chinese universities | Independent Variable: Use of ChatGPT in English language education Dependent Variable: Changes in students' learning methods and teachers' perceptions | Qualitative method through interviews with 16 participants (8 students and 8 lecturers) to understand the impact of ChatGPT on English language education. | Semi- structured interviews with four dimensions: usage, attitude, effectivenes s, and confusion in the use of ChatGPT. | For Students: ChatGPT changes the way they study by providing quick answers and taking the anxiety out of asking questions. Students use it for writing inspiration and grammar correction. writing and creative thinking skills. |
| 4. | Understandi ng EFL teachers' experiences of ChatGPT- driven collaborativ e reflective practice through a community of practice lens (Mohamma d Hossein Arefian, Irem Çomoğlu, Kenan Dikilitaş, 12 Ocober 2024) | Iran, Turki, Norwegi a | This study involved four novice and four experience d EFL (English as a Foreign Language) teachers from Iran. Focus on the use of Chat GPT in teachers' profession al reflection to improve their teaching | Independent variable: Use of ChatGPT in collaborativ e reflective practice. Dependent variable: EFL teachers' professional developmen t. | Research method: Transcende ntal phenomen ology approach. Data collection: Group discussion, observation , and semi- structured interviews. Data analysis: Thematic based on Moustakas' (1994) method. | Observation of teacher interaction with ChatGPT before, during and after teaching. Interviews to understand individual and collaborativ e reflection experiences. Field notes to capture the process of collaborativ e reflection | EFL teachers experienced improvements in professional reflection through interaction with ChatGPT, both individually and collaboratively. ChatGPT acted as a reflection partner who assisted teachers in lesson planning, problem solving and evaluation of teaching practice. |

| | | | | | | within the | |
|----|----------------|----------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|
| | | | | | | community | |
| | | | | | | of practice. | |
| 5. | The impact | Czech | Participant | Feedback on | Using | Writing is | Students' |
| | of Chat GPT | Republic | s: 110 | students' | mixed | assessed | writing |
| | feedback on | at the | university | writing via | approaches | according | significantly |
| | the | Universi | students | ChatGPT is | in a quasi- | to: | improved after |
| | developmen | ty of | aged 19-23 | an | experiment | | getting |
| | t of EFL | Hradec | • | independent | al design | Conciseness | comments via |
| | students' | Kralove | Studying | variable. | U | | ChatGPT |
| | writing skills | | English as a | | Analysis of | Grammar | |
| | (Petra | | Foreign | The | student | | The areas that |
| | Polakova & | | Language | improvemen | writing | Including | improved the |
| | Petra Ivenz, | | (EFL) | t of | samples | important | most were |
| | October 1, | | (=, =) | students' | before and | details and | organization, |
| | 2024) | | Various | writing | after tests | using the | grammar, and |
| | 2024) | | study | abilities is | | passive | conciseness. |
| | | | programs: | the | Focus | voice | conciseness. |
| | | | Applied | dependent | | VOICE | Porcontions of |
| | | | Informatics | variable. | groups and | Combining | Perceptions of students: |
| | | | monnaucs | variable. | questionnai | Combining | |
| | | | , | | res to gain | reporting | Positive |
| | | | Economics, | | qualitative | verbs and | reaction to the |
| | | | and | | insights | linking | thorough |
| | | | Manageme | | | words | feedback |
| | | | nt | | | | provided by |
| | | | | | | | Chat GPT |
| 6 | ChatCDT. | United | Main facus | Indonondont | Alitaratura | Evaluation | ChatCDT has |
| 6. | ChatGPT: | | Main focus | Independent | A literature | | ChatGPT has |
| | Vision and | Kingdo | on the | Variable: | review of | of ChatGPT | great potential |
| | Challenges | m | developme | ChatGPT | various | applications | in various |
| | (Sukhpal | (Queen | nt of | implementat | studies on | based on | fields, but still |
| | Singh Gill, | Mary | Generative | ion in | ChatGPT, | factors such | faces |
| | Rupinder | Universi | AI, | various | including its | as linguistic | challenges |
| | Kaur, May | ty of | specifically | domains | developme | accuracy, | such as data |
| | 2023) | London | ChatGPT. | | nt from | task | bias, security, |
| | | & Kings | | Dependent | GPT-1 to | flexibility, | and high |
| | | Educatio | Highlights | Variable: The | GPT-4. | multilingual | energy |
| | | n, | application | impact of | | capabilities, | requirements. |
| | | London) | s of Chat | Chat GPT on | Analysis of | and | The integration |
| | | | GPT in | productivity, | future | efficiency | of Chat GPT |
| | | | various | efficiency, | trends | levels in | with IoT could |
| | | | sectors, | and | related to | various | bring a |
| | | | including | emerging | the | industries. | revolution in |
| | | | loT, | challenges. | utilization | | human |
| | | | education, | | of Chat GPT | Analysis of | interaction |

| | | | la a a l t la sa ma | | in LaT | ala a II a ra ara a | |
|----|--------------|------------|---------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------|------------------|
| | | | healthcare, | | in IoT | challenges | with |
| | | | business, | | technology | and risks, | technology. |
| | | | and | | and other | including | |
| | | | cybersecuri | | fields. | cybersecurit | |
| | | | ty. | | | y, AI ethics, | |
| | | | | | | and | |
| | | | | | | environment | |
| | | | | | | al impact. | |
| 7. | The | The | This study | Use of | This article | Assessment | ChatGPT has |
| | transformati | research | highlights | ChatGPT in | is a | of ChatGPT's | great potential |
| | ve effect of | involved | the role of | education. | literature | performanc | in assisting |
| | ChatGPT on | authors | ChatGPT in | | review | e in different | education, |
| | modern | from | modern | The impact | study and | areas of | such as in the |
| | education: | instituti | education, | of ChatGPT | conceptual | education. | preparation of |
| | The | | | | - | Evaluation. | |
| | | ons in | including | on teaching | analysis on | | teaching |
| | Emerging | the UK, | opportuniti | and | the role and | of the | materials, |
| | Era of Al | China, | es and | learning. | impact of | reliability of | support to |
| | Chatbots | New | challenges | | ChatGPT in | the | students, and |
| | (Sukhpal | Zealand, | in its use | Academic | education. | information | personalization |
| | Singh Gill, | the US, | across | risks, such as | | provided by | of learning. |
| | Minxian Xu, | Canada, | various | plagiarism | | ChatGPT. | Key challenges |
| | Panos | India, | academic | and | | Ethical | include the risk |
| | Patros, | Australia | contexts. | accuracy of | | implications | of |
| | Huaming | , | | information. | | and | misinformation |
| | Wu, | Slovenia | | | | challenges | , plagiarism, |
| | Rupinder | , Austria | | | | of using AI in | and concerns |
| | Kaur, | and | | | | an academic | regarding |
| | Kamalpreet | several | | | | setting. | academic |
| | Kaur, | other | | | | secting. | validity. |
| | | | | | | | valiaity. |
| | Stephanie | countrie | | | | | Appropriate |
| | Fuller, | S . | | | | | Appropriate |
| | Manmeet | | | | | | regulations and |
| | Singh, | | | | | | implementatio |
| | Priyansh | | | | | | n strategies are |
| | Arora, Ajith | | | | | | needed for |
| | Kumar | | | | | | Chat GPT to be |
| | Parlikad, | | | | | | optimally |
| | Vlado | | | | | | utilized in |
| | Stankovski, | | | | | | education. |
| | Ajith | | | | | | |
| | Abraham, | | | | | | |
| | Soumya K. | | | | | | |
| | Ghosh, | | | | | | |
| | Hanan | | | | | | |
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| | Lutfiyya, | | | | | | |

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| 8. | Salil S. Kanhere, Rami Bahsoon, Omer Rana, Schahram Dustdar, Rizos Sakellariou, Steve Uhlig, Rajkumar Buyya.18 June 2023) An era of ChatGPT as a significant futuristic support tool: A study on features, abilities, and challenges (Abid Haleem, Mohd Javaid, Ravi Pratap Singh,2022) | India | This study discusses the role of ChatGPT as an Al- based support tool that has the ability to generate text, helps in various fields, and faces several challenges in its use. | Independent Variable: ChatGPT (capabilities, features, and challenges) Dependent Variable: The impact of ChatGPT in various sectors such as education, technology, and | Literature study and conceptual analysis of the features, benefits, and limitations of ChatGPT in various fields. | Analyze through literature review the developmen t and impact of ChatGPT | ChatGPT has great potential in various fields including education, research, and business. This AI can improve work efficiency but also has limitations such as bias in information and potential for misuse. |
| 9. | Student Perceptions of the Use of ChatGPT in Education (Ngo, T.T.A. 2023) | Vietnam | The study involved 200 university students in Vietnam who had used ChatGPT for academic purposes. | business. Main variable: Students' perception of the use of Chat GPT in learning. Sub- variables: Benefits, barriers, and potential | Methods: Online survey using Google Form that included Likert scale- based questions. Semi- structured | A 5-point Likert scale to assess students' perceptions of the benefits and barriers of ChatGPT. Semi- structured interviews | The main benefits of ChatGPT according to students: Saves time Provides information in various fields Provides personalized guidance and feedback |

| | | | 30 students from the total sample were further interviewe d to gain in-depth insights. | solutions to improve the effectivenes s of Chat GPT in education. | interviews with 30 students for deeper exploration Data Analysis: Quantitativ e data was analyzed using SPSS with descriptive tests and one-sample t-test. Qualitative data was categorized and analyzed thematicall y | to gain additional insight into students' experiences using Chat GPT. | Helps in writing and understanding theoretical concepts Main barriers faced by students: Difficulty in evaluating the quality and reliability of sources Proposed solution: Verifying Chat GPT answers with reliable sources. |
|-----|---|--|--|---|--|--|---|
| 10. | Chat GPT in Higher Education: Consideratio ns for Academic Integrity and Student Learning (Miriam Sullivan, Andrew Kelly, Paul McLaughlan, March 21, 2023) | This article discusse s cases in Australia , New Zealand, the United States and the United Kingdo m. | Focus on how Chat GPT affects academic integrity and student learning in higher education. Analysis was conducted through a review of 100 news articles. | Independent Variable: Chat GPT as a generative Al tool in higher education. Dependent Variable: Impact on academic integrity and learning methods. | Methods: Content analysis of news stories discussing ChatGPT in higher education. Sample: 100 news articles selected based on inclusion and exclusion criteria. Analysis Technique: | Articles are classified by theme: concerns related to academic integrity, university responses, limitations of AI, and opportunitie s for learning. | The majority of the news focused on concerns related to academic integrity, such as the risk of plagiarism. There is great potential for using Chat GPT to support student learning, especially for those with limited access. |

| 11. | "The use of ChatGPT in the digital era: Perspectives on chatbot implementat ion" (Pongsakorn Limna, Tanpat Kraiwanit, Kris Jangjarat, Prapasiri Klayklung, Piyawatjana Chocksathap orn, May 25, 2023) | The study was conduct ed in Thailand (Krabi region). | The study focuses on teachers and students in Thailand; specifically, a purposive sample method was used to pick 10 teachers and 15 students from academic institutions | Independent Variable: Use of ChatGPT in education Dependent Variable: Perceptions, benefits, challenges, and impact on students and educators | Thematic coding using NVivo software. In-depth interviews as part of a qualitative research methodolo gy NVivo software and content analysis were used to evaluate the data. | The study examined teacher and student responses regarding ChatGPT in the classroom using theme analysis. | Positive Views: Teachers and students both thought ChatGPT was useful for responding to inquiries, offering assistance, and lightening their workload. |
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| 12. | ChatGPT in Education: Strategies for Responsible Implementa tion (Mohanad Halaweh, 2023) | Uni Emirat Arab | This article discusses how ChatGPT can be responsibly applied in education, considerin g the benefits as well as the challenges that may arise in its use. | Benefits and risks of using Chat GPT in education Responsible implementat ion strategies Impact on creativity, originality and academics | Literature review and analysis of issues related to the use of Chat GPT in academic contexts. | This article reviews various approaches to the use of Chat GPT, including regulation of its use, measureme nt of its impact on academics, and institutional policies. | ChatGPT can be a useful tool for education, but its use must be controlled with clear policies to avoid academic misconduct. ChatGPT can be used to increase efficiency in research, but it must be balanced with critical thinking skills and academic |

| | | | | | | | evaluation. |
|-----|-------------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 13. | Exploring | Uni | The study | Student | A two-stage | Coding | The majority of |
| - | Students' | Emiret | was | perceptions | study: | student | students (67%) |
| | Perceptions | Arab | conducted | of Chat GPT | Thematic | response | had positive |
| | of Chat GPT: | | with 56 | in the | analysis of | data with | perceptions of |
| | Thematic | | senior | context of | students' | thematic | Chat GPT, |
| | Analysis and | | students in | learning. | open-ended | analysis | especially in |
| | Follow-Up | | the | | responses | techniques | terms of ease |
| | Survey | | computer | The impact | after using | using | of use, human- |
| | (Abdulhadi | | engineerin | of Chat GPT | Chat GPT. | Taguette | like interface, |
| | Shoufan, | | g program | on | | software. | and assistance |
| | 2023) | | at Khalifa | motivation, | Questionnai | | in learning. |
| | | | University, | understandi | re-based | A 5-point | |
| | | | UAE. | ng and | survey (27- | Likert scale | Students were |
| | | | | accuracy of | item Likert | survey to | aware of the |
| | | | Students | information | scale) to | measure the | limitations of |
| | | | used Chat | obtained. | quantify | level of | the Chat GPT, |
| | | | GPT in | | students' | agreement | such as the |
| | | | learning | | perceptions | with the | accuracy of |
| | | | activities and | | • | features and | answers not |
| | | | provided | | | impact of Chat GPT. | always being reliable and the |
| | | | feedback | | | Chat OF 1. | risk to |
| | | | through | | | | academic |
| | | | surveys. | | | | integrity. |
| 14. | ChatGPT as | The | This study | Independent | Experiment | Plagiarism | ChatGPT can |
| | an | research | focuses on | Variable: | -based | Similarity | provide |
| | Educational | was | the use of | Use of Chat | empirical | Index: | accurate |
| | Tool: | conduct | ChatGPT as | GPT in an | study | Testing Chat | answers to |
| | Opportunitie | ed by | an | academic | involving 30 | GPT with | theory-based |
| | s, | authors | educationa | setting. | theory- and | Turnitin to | questions, |
| | Challenges, | from the | l tool in | Dependent | application- | see how | making it a |
| | and | America | communica | Variable: The | based tests | unique or | potential |
| | Recommend | n Llui | tion, | impact of | using Chat | similar the | alternative to |
| | ations for | Universi | business | ChatGPT use | GPT. | responses | traditional |
| | Communicat | ty of the Middle | writing, | on learning, educational | Using mixed- | are. | search engines. |
| | ion, Business Writing, and | East, | and academic | effectivenes | mixed- method | Assessment Grading: | Plagiarism |
| | Composition | Kuwait. | compositio | s, and | with | Evaluation | detection by |
| | Courses | Nuvvalt. | n courses. | potential | quantitativ | of ChatGPT | Turnitin is not |
| | (Mohamma | | lt | challenges. | e (Turnitin | responses | always |
| | d Awad | | highlights | 5.12.10.1905. | similarity | based on | successful as |
| | AlAfnan, | | opportuniti | | index) and | rubrics used | Chat GPT can |
| | Samira | | es, | | qualitative | by lecturers | produce well- |
| | Dishari, | | challenges, | | (assessmen | to assess the | paraphrased |

| 15 | Marina Jovic, Koba Lomidze, March 6, 2023) | Hong | and recommen dations for the integration of Chat GPT in academic environme nts. | The main | t by lecturers using rubrics) approaches | quality of answers in communicati on, business writing, and composition essays. | responses. |
|-----|--|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| 15. | Unlocking the Power of Chat GPT: A Framework for Applying Generative Al in Education (Jiahong Su (University of Hong Kong) & Weipeng Yang (Hong Kong University of Education), 2023) | Hong Kong | This study addresses the use of Chat GPT in education by developing a theoretical framework called "IDEE" (Identify, Determine, Ensure, Evaluate). Highlightin g the benefits and challenges of using ChatGPT as an educationa I AI. | The main variables studied were the benefits and challenges of ChatGPT in education. | This study is a conceptual study that proposes a theoretical framework for the application of generative Al in education. | The evaluation involved reviewing existing literature and developing a framework for the application of ChatGPT in education. | Chat GPT can enhance a more personalized and efficient learning experience for students and provide faster feedback for teachers. Key challenges include the technology's untested effectiveness, limited data quality, and ethical and security considerations. |
| 16. | Analyzing College Students' Views, Concerns, and Ethical Perceptions on the Use of ChatGPT | The research was conduct ed in the United Arab Emirates (UAE), | Participant s: 388 students from two universities in Al Ain Demograp hics: 73.1% male, 26.9% | Independent Variable: ChatGPT Usage Dependent Variable: Students' views on Chat GPT | Research Design: Quantitativ e, questionnai re-based survey Sample: 375 | The research instrument was a five- part questionnair e: Demographi cs Use of Chat | Students consider Chat GPT as a revolutionary technology that helps in various academic tasks. |

| | (| | 6 1 | | | 6.D.T. | |
|-----|---------------|-----------|--------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | (Faycal | involvin | female | Students' | university | GPT | |
| | Farhi, Riadh | g two | | concerns | students | | Key concerns: |
| | Jeljeli, | universit | Age range: | about using | after data | Students' | Over-reliance |
| | Ibtehal | ies in | Majority 17- | Chat GPT | screening | views on | on ChatGPT |
| | Aburezeq, | the city | 25 years | Perceived | Analysis | Chat GPT | may reduce |
| | Fawzi Fayez | of Al | old | ethics in the | Method: | Students' | critical thinking |
| | Dweikat, | Ain. | Education | use of Chat | Partial | concerns | and creative |
| | Samer Ali Al- | | level: | GPT | Least | Perception | writing skills. |
| | shami, | | Undergrad | | Square- | of ethics in | Ethical |
| | Radouane | | uate | | Structural | the use of | dilemmas: The |
| | Slamene, | | students | | Equation | Chat GPT | use of Chat |
| | November 7, | | (50.4%), | | Modeling | Reliability | GPT is seen as |
| | 2023) | | graduate | | (PLS-SEM). | was tested | beneficial but |
| | 2023) | | (25.9%), | | (1 25 52111). | with | also raises |
| | | | (25.9%), master | | | Composite | concerns |
| | | | (21.1%), | | | Reliability | regarding |
| | | | doctoral | | | (CR) and | academic |
| | | | | | | Cronbach's | |
| | | | (2.7%) | | | | honesty and |
| | | | students | | | Alpha (CA), | plagiarism. |
| | | | | | | showing | Suggested |
| | | | | | | high validity | solution: |
| | | | | | | values. | Educational |
| | | | | | | | institutions |
| | | | | | | | need to |
| | | | | | | | establish |
| | | | | | | | guidelines for |
| | | | | | | | the use of Chat |
| | | | | | | | GPT to ensure |
| | | | | | | | its use remains |
| | | | | | | | ethical and |
| | | | | | | | productive. |
| 17. | Empowering | The | This book | Use of GPT | This book | Use of | ChatGPT has |
| | Digital | book | discusses | Chat in | compiles | ChatGPT in | great potential |
| | Education | includes | the | digital | various | improving | in enhancing |
| | with | authors | application | learning. | studies and | student | digital learning |
| | ChatGPT: | from | of ChatGPT | Interactions | analyses | engagement | by providing |
| | From | various | in digital | between | from | | personalization |
| | Theoretical | countrie | education, | students, | researchers | Effectivenes | support, better |
| | to Practical | s, | highlightin | lecturers, | in the field | s of Al in | accessibility, |
| | Applications | includin | g the | and Al | of | adaptive | and interactive |
| | (Mohamed | g the | transforma | technologies | education | learning and | methods in |
| | Lahby | United | tion of | in different | and AI | virtual | learning. |
| | (Editor), | States, | learning | levels of | technology. | tutors. | The use of AI |
| | 2025 (First | Ghana, | with Al | education. | The | The | can help |
| | Edition)) | Morocc | technologi | | research | influence of | students and |
| | | MUIDEE | rechnologi | The impact | research | influence of | Students and |

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|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|
| | 0, | es. | of AI on | methods | ChatGPT on | educators |
| | Indonesi | Aimed at | adaptive | vary from | teaching and | understand the |
| | a, | students, | learning and | case | assessment | material more |
| | German | academics, | personalizati | studies, | strategies. | deeply through |
| | у, | and | on of | surveys, to | | automated |
| | Australia | education | education. | bibliographi | Ethical | feedback and |
| | , | profession | | c analysis | challenges | AI-based |
| | Vietnam | als. | | related to | and | assessment. |
| | , | Explores | | the use of | implementat | |
| | Romania | the | | ChatGPT in | ion of Al in | A clear policy |
| | , Oman, | concepts | | education. | the | on the ethics |
| | , Canada, | of student | | | education | and limitations |
| | Spain, | engageme | | | system. | of using Chat |
| | Serbia | nt, | | | -) | GPT in |
| | and | personalize | | | | education is |
| | Malaysia | d learning, | | | | needed so that |
| | | intelligent | | | | it does not |
| | • | tutors, | | | | replace |
| | | virtual | | | | students' |
| | | classroom | | | | critical |
| | | interaction, | | | | thinking. |
| | | and Al- | | | | uninking. |
| | | based | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | assessmen | | | | |
| | | t and | | | | |
| ACMOT | T L . | feedback. | la den el la | the shade of | T I | D offering |
| ASWOT | The | The SWOT | Independent | In order to | The study | By offering |
| Analysis of | study | analysis of | Variable: | assess Chat | divides the | interactive and |
| Cha GPT: | was | ChatGPT in | Use of Chat | GPT's | results into | adaptable |
| Implications | conduct | the | GPT in | influence | four | teaching |
| for | ed by | educationa | education | on | categories: | resources, |
| Educational | research | l field looks | Dependent | education, | Strengths: | ChatGPT has |
| Practice and | ers from | at its | Variables: | a SWOT | Personalized | the potential to |
| Research | Wagenin | advantages | Educational | analysis and | learning, | improve |
| (Mohamma | gen | , | effectivenes | literature | self- | educational |
| dreza | Universi | disadvanta | s, student | study were | improving | experiences. |
| Farrokhnia, | ty and | ges, | engagement | carried out, | capabilities, | |
| Seyyed | Researc | possibilitie | , academic | highlighting | AI- | It can lessen |
| Kazem | h, the | s, and | integrity, | both its | generated | the effort for |
| Banihashem, | Netherla | threats. It | personalized | possible | believable | teachers and |
| Omid | nds, and | offers a | learning | advantages | responses, | enhance |
| Noroozi & | The | thorough | | and | and less | students' |
| Arjen Wals, | Open | analysis of | | disadvanta | teaching | access to |
| 27 March | Universi | the body of | | ges. | effort. | knowledge. |
| | | | | | | |

| | Chatting and | Heerlen, the Netherla nds. | on the application of chatbots driven by Al in education, with a focus on higher education. | The use of | Qualitations | The study | But issues like prejudices, academic dishonesty, and a lack of critical thinking skills must be addressed. According to the report, educational establishments must to create frameworks for the responsible integration of Al into teaching and learning procedures. |
|-----|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|---|--|
| 19. | Chatting and Cheating: Ensuring Academic Integrity in the Age of GPT Chatting (Debby R. E. Cotton, Peter A. Cotton, J. Reuben Shipway, March 13, 2023) | United Kingdo m (UK) | The study looks into Chat GPT's benefits and drawbacks in higher education, especially as it relates to academic integrity. It talks about how Chat GPT improves accessibilit y, engageme nt, and teamwork while also bringing up | The use of Chat GPT in higher education is an independent variable. Dependent variables include student participation , academic integrity, and the efficiency of plagiarism detection. | Qualitative examinatio n of Al- driven writing tools and their educational consequenc es based on a review of the literature and expert talks. | The study covers a variety of tactics for stopping academic dishonesty, such as creating policies, educating students, and using tools to identify information produced by artificial intelligence. | There are advantages and disadvantages of ChatGPT in the classroom. Although it can encourage student involvement and learning, it also makes upholding academic integrity more difficult. To reduce cheating opportunities, universities need to be proactive and adopt |

| | | | issues with plagiarism and cheating. | | | | measures including tightening regulations, enhancing detecting tools, and revamping tests. |
|-----|---|--|--|---|---|---|--|
| 20. | What can't Chat GPT do in education? Evaluate its effectivenes s in assessing educational learning outcomes (Samson Damilola Fabiyi, March 21, 2024) | United Kingdo m (School of Computi ng, Universi ty of Leeds, Leeds, UK) | This article explores Chat GPT's ability to assess learning outcomes in education, particularly in assessing conformity with SMART (Specific, Measurabl e, Achievable, Relevant, Time- bound) criteria. The study highlights the role of Chat GPT in curriculum design and educationa l evaluation. | Independent : Chat GPT's ability to assess learning outcomes Dependent: The accuracy and effectivenes s of Chat GPT in aligning learning outcomes with SMART criteria. | Methods: Qualitative analysis using structural and conversatio nal analysis approaches Data Source: Learning outcomes from computer science modules at the University of Leeds | Evaluation Criteria: Compliance with SMART criteria, clarity of learning outcome components (verbs, content, and context). Instrument: GPT Chat is used to assess learning outcomes based on specific parameters. | Chat GPT is able to evaluate learning outcomes reasonably well based on SMART criteria. It can identify the basic components of learning outcomes (verbs, content and context). Despite its great potential in assisting educational design, Chat GPT still requires human involvement for a more in- depth and contextualized assessment. |

Discussion

The integration of chatgpt into English education has sparked a comprehensive debate about its benefits, challenges, and educational implications (Gill et al., 2024). Al manipulation tools such as chatgpt include interactive and adaptive learning experiences, concerns about academic integrity, the quality of answers generated by AI, and the possibility of excessive technology dependence (Alafnan et al., 2023). Chat GPT capabilities are widely recognized, supportive, speak, listen, read, but their limitations unders underline the need for strategic and ethical implementation in educational settings (Haleem et al., 2022).

One of the main advantages of chat in English education is its ability to provide real feedback, especially in writing development (Polakova & Ivenz, 2024). Research shows that students who write assignments using CHATT show improvement in grammar, consistency and general text structure (Hatmanto & Sari, 2023). In addition, Chat GPT allows students to try different writing styles, improve their vocabulary, and complete sentence construction with AI-based suggestions (Amin, 2023). Although Chat GPT Improving the revision process, some scientists argue that students can prevent participation in language rules because they may be too dependent on revisions made by AI instead of developing independent processing skills (Halaweh, 2023)

In addition to writing, it was also found that Chat GPT supports English language skills through interactive chatbot talk, helping students practice pronunciation, compassion and dialogue contracts. Al-driven interaction provides a safe and nonjudgrating environment where students can generate trust in their speech skills without fear of error (Shoufan, 2023). In addition, chatgpt can simulate real-world dialogue and allow students to engage in contextual language practice (Su & Yang, 2023). Despite this advantage, research shows that AI chatbots do not have emotional intelligence And understanding of human instructor culture, and can limit the effectiveness of the use of practical language in education (Hatmanto & Sari, 2023). The impact of chat on academic integrity remains a major issue (Sullivan et al., 2023) Some students abuse AI tools to create essays, homework, and even exams, raising ethical issues related to plagiarism and the development of original thinking (Farhi et al., 2023). Research also shows that the use of unregulated chat can make flat learning This learning depends on content generated by AI without students being critically involved in the material (Wei, 2023). To overcome this problem, educators support Integration of responsible chat and emphasizes the importance of installing learning It aligns critical thinking and direction with critical thinking and direction (Synekop et al., 2024) under the direction of people as an educational tool.

Another challenge associated with chatgpt is the potential distortion and accuracy of answers generated by AI (Farrokhnia et al., 2024), because AI models are trained on large-scale data collection, they can create misleading, false or distorted information,

especially in complex language-based learning scenarios (Lahby, 2025) This concern is especially relevant to English (ESP) courses where students need appropriate language support and certain domains. To overcome this problem, educators need to guide students to confirm Cross reference between AI generated answers and related sources (Halaweh, 2023).

Despite these challenges, the integration of chat in English language education offers many opportunities when used effectively. Research shows that a mixed learning approach, where AI tools are used in conjunction with traditional teaching methods, can optimize language acquisition (Gill et al., 2024) for example, Chat GPT can be written in classroom activities such as guided essays, role-playing exercises, and personalized learning modules (Haleem et al., 2022). In addition, educators use chatgpt for formative assessment to help students identify strengths and areas for their own improvement (Arefian et al., 2024).

Students' perceptions of chat vary greatly with their intimacy with digital literacy and AI technology Some students respect their convenience, accessibility, and ability to provide live support, while others remain skeptical of their accuracy and reliability (Lahby, 2025). This study highlights that students who are actively involved in chatgpt learning tend to develop stronger and independent learning habits because they have access to AI support anytime, anywhere (Farrokhnia et al., 2024). However, this task ensures that students use it as a supplement rather than As an alternative, teacher's direction, and peer cooperation (Su & Yang, 2023).

Future research should focus on improving pedagogical chat skills and ensuring that they are in line with various learning needs and teaching contexts. AI-based voice models need to be improved to provide a more personal and conscious learning experience, especially when teaching idiomatic representations, cultural nuances, and real voice applications (Haleem et al., 2022). In addition, training programs for educators must be developed to improve the ability to integrate Chatt effectively into educational practice (Hatmanto & Sari, 2023).

In the end, while Chat GPT presents transformative potential in English learning, its success depends on responsible use, ethical considerations, and continuous improvement of AI technology (Arefian et al., 2024). Educators, institutions, and policy makers must work together to develop guidelines that maximize the benefits of Chat GPT while overcoming its limitations (Su & Yang, 2023). By achieving the right balance between AI-driven learning and human-led instruction, Chat GPT can function as a powerful tool in improving students' English language skills, critical thinking, and digital literacy skills (Gill et al., 2024).

CONCLUSION

The integration of chatgpt in English education offers important benefits and important challenges One of the main benefits is the ability to improve writing skills by

providing real-time feedback and helping students improve grammar, consistency, and overall text structure. In addition, Chat GPT supports the development of various writing styles, expanding vocabulary, and building sentences with advice from AI. However, some researchers warn that the revision of excessive linkage to AI will hinder students' independent skills in language processing and their ability to effectively internalize language rules. In addition to writing, Chat GPT also contributes to speech skills through interactive chatbot chat, thus practicing pronunciation and engaging in contextual dialogue. While AI-driven interaction promotes a safe environment for language training, the lack of emotional intelligence and cultural understanding remains the main limit of practical language use In addition to the possibility, chatgpt raises concerns about the accuracy and responses generated by AI Some students are tools that are abused for academic fraud B Important tasks or tasks without participation.

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